# **NOTICE & AGENDA**

#### **Finance Committee Meeting**

November 2, 2022, 9:00 a.m.

In-Person: Bales Board Room Virtually: <u>https://us02web.zoom.us/j/87923776137</u>

#### Meeting ID: 879 2377 6137

Please see meeting information notice at the end of this agenda for more details.

#### Call to Order

#### **Roll Call & Establishment of Quorum**

Committee Chair: Leo Laska, Pebble Beach Community Services District Directors: Dan Albert, City of Monterey Kim Shirley, City of Del Rey Oaks

#### **Public Communications**

Anyone wishing to address the Board on matters not appearing on the agenda may do so now. Please limit comments to a maximum of three (3) minutes. The public may comment on any other matter listed on the agenda at the time the matter is being considered by the Board. For information about submitting public comments in writing in advance of the meeting, please see the Meeting Information section of this agenda.

#### **Discussion/Action**

- 1. Approve October 5, 2022 Finance Committee Minutes
- 2. Discuss Draft White Paper Document for ReGen Monterey
- 3. Discuss MCWD Potable Water Supply Opportunity and Interest in Renewable Energy
- 4. Review Fiscal Audit f or 2021/22
- 5. Discuss Paperless Board Packet Process

#### **General Manager Communications**

#### **Discuss Future Agenda Items**

#### **Closed Session**

As permitted by Government Code Section 54956 et seq., the Board may adjourn to a closed session to consider specific matters dealing with litigation, certain personnel matters, real property negotiations or to confer with the ReGen Monterey's Meyers-Milias-Brown Act representative.

Conference with Real Property Negotiators: Property:Acreage leased to Keith Day Company Agency: Negotiators: Felipe Melchor, Guy Petraborg, Jay Ramos and Helen Rodriguez Under Negotiation: All terms including permits



Let's not waste this.

ReGen Monterey is the public name of Monterey Regional Waste Management District.



**Return to Open Session** *Please note: A report out and announcement concerning the closed* session will be provided. Anyone requesting a report out of closed session items may contact the board clerk.

#### Adjournment

#### Next Meeting Date: January 4, 2023

#### MEETING INFORMATION

The meeting will be held (1) virtually via Zoom and is compliant with California Government Code Section 54953(e)(1)(A), with Governor Newsom's executive Order N-29-20 and with the Recommendation of the Monterey County Health Official dated September 22, 2021, regarding social distancing including remote meetings of legislative bodies, which together allow local legislative bodies to hold public meetings electronically or via teleconference and to make public meetings accessible telephonically or otherwise electronically to all members of the public seeking to observe and address the local legislative body to avoid public gatherings, and which suspended all contrary provisions of the Brown Act, and (2) as a regular meeting.

#### To join the Zoom webinar: Click on this link: https://us02web.zoom.us/j/87923776137

copy/paste the link into your browser, or type the link into your browser. If your computer does not have audio, you will also need to join the meeting via phone. To participate via phone, please call: 1-669-900-9128; Meeting ID: 879 2377 6137

**Public Comments:** If you are unable to participate virtually or via telephone, you may also submit your comments by e-mailing the board clerk at <u>IGonzales@ReGenMonterey.org</u> with one of the following subject lines "Public Comment Item #" (insert the item number relevant to your comment) or "Public Comment - Non Agenda Item". Comments must be received by 4 p.m. on the day prior to the scheduled meeting. All submitted comments will be provided to the Board and may be read into the record or compiled as part of the record.

#### **Posting Information**

This agenda was posted at the ReGen Monterey administrative offices at 14201 Del Monte Blvd, Salinas, CA, 93908. The agenda, including staff reports and additional information regarding these items, are available on our website at ReGenMonterey.org and our administrative office during regular business hours (additional fee may apply for copying).

This agenda is subject to revision and may be amended prior to the scheduled meeting. If amended, a final agenda will be reposted.

#### Accessibility

All meetings are open to the public. ReGen Monterey does not discriminate against persons with disabilities and the boardroom is wheelchair accessible. In compliance with the Americans Disabilities Act, if you need special assistance to participate, please contact Board Clerk, Ida Gonzales at 831-384-5313 or email <u>IGonzales@ReGenMonterey.org</u>. Notification 48 hours prior to the meeting will enable us to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility to this meeting. Later requests will be accommodated to the extent feasible. Recordings of meetings can be provided upon request.

# MINUTES



The Finance Committee met on October 5, 2022, at 9:00 a.m., at the District administrative offices and via Zoom virtual conference. Committee members in attendance were Directors Laska, Albert and Shirley. Staff members in attendance were Felipe Melchor, Guy Petraborg, Helen Rodriguez, Zoe Shoats, Jay Ramos, Garth Gregson, and Ida Gonzales. Legal counsel Rob Wellington was also in attendance.

#### 1. Approve September 7, 2022 Finance Committee Minutes

The Committee approved the minutes of the September 7, 2022 Finance Committee meeting.

#### 2. Discuss Draft White Paper Document for ReGen Monterey

Staff presented a draft White Paper regarding the state of municipal solid waste management in Monterey County. There was discussion by Staff and the Committee members. There were recommendations from the Committee regarding the content and layout of the information in the White Paper. Staff will work with the preparer of the White Paper to incorporate the recommendations of the Committee and will present an updated version of at the next Board meeting.

#### 3. Discuss Selection of GHD Consulting for Micro Grid Feasibility Study

Staff presented information about the selection of a firm to prepare the first phase of the feasibility study of the microgrid project. Staff is recommending GHD Consulting be selected to prepare the study. The estimated cost to prepare the study is \$720K and it well take 8 to 10 months to complete. There is \$500K budgeted in Fiscal 2023 for the preparation of the study. There was discussion and the Committee recommends the Board approve the request to execute the contract with GHD Consulting.

#### 4. Discuss Compost CASP Project Cover Grant Award

Staff presented information about Covered Aerated Static Pile (CASP) project grant that has been awarded to the District. The amount of the grant is \$3 million and will be used to pay the design costs and the purchase of equipment. The grant would cover about 50% of the total project cost. This project will be completed in cooperation with the Keith Day Company who operates the composting activities at the District. This item was presented for information and no action is necessary.

#### 5. Discuss AWPF Line Project Scope of Work Amendment

Staff presented information about the Advanced Water Purification Facility (AWPF) that is operated by M1W. Staff is proposing the design and scope of work be modified and the impact would be that the District would be the primary source of energy for the facility instead of PG&E. This item was presented for discussion and no action is necessary.

#### 6. Discuss Potential Additions to ReGen Monterey Website Content Including Video/Audio Recordings and Board Polices

Staff presented information about potential additions to the District website to include video and audio recordings of public meetings and various District policies. The number of views of the recordings would be monitored to determine how long the recordings would be available for viewing. There was discussion with the Committee and the This item will be placed on the agenda of the October Board meeting.

Physical Address	Mailing Address	Phone / Fax	Web / Social
14201 Del Monte Blvd.	P.O. Box 1670	831-384-5313 PHONE	ReGenMonterey.org
Salinas, CA 93908	Marina, CA 93933	831-384-3567 FAX	@ReGenMonterey

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#### 7. General Manager Communications

- a) The GM recently attended the SWANA Gold Chapter meeting
- b) The District will be holding a wellness fair on October 6 to provide employees an opportunity to receive flu and Covid vaccinations.
- c) The District recently had a third party take photographs of the site using drones. The District will investigate the use of drones for site photography since they are more cost effective than the current photography methods.

Next Meeting Date: November 2 at 9:00 a.m.

Annual Financial Report June 30, 2022 and 2021 Monterey Regional Waste Management District

# Monterey Regional Waste Management District Annual Financial Report

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## June 30, 2022

## **Board of Directors**

## for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>Member</u>	<u>Office</u>	<u>Representing</u>	Term Expires
Carrie Theis	Director	Carmel-By-The-Sea	December 2022
Jason Campbell	Chair	Seaside	December 2024
Bruce Delgado	Director	Marina	December 2022
Bill Peake	Director	Pacific Grove	December 2022
Leo Laska	Director	Pebble Beach Community Services District	December 2023
Dan Albert	Director	Monterey	November 2022
Wendy Root Askew	Director	Monterey County	December 2024
Kim Shirley	Director	Del Rey Oaks	December 2024
Jerry Blackwelder	Vice Chair	Sand City	December 2024
Felipe Melchor	General Manager/ Secretary of the Board		

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Directors Monterey Regional Waste Management District Marina, California

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Monterey Regional Waste Management District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, for the year ended June 30, 2021. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the net position as of July 1, 2020, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a

going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
  accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial
  statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of pension plan contributions, and schedule of changes in the district's total OPEB liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining schedule of net position and the combining schedule of revenues, expenses and changes in net position are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedule of net position and the combining schedule of revenues, expenses and changes in net position are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Menlo Park, California DRAFT

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### for the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021

This section of Monterey Regional Waste Management District's (District) annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the District's performance during the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

The District was formed in 1951 under the California Health and Safety Code. The primary purpose of the District is to dispose of solid waste in the Monterey Peninsula area. The District's role has expanded to include the recovery of recyclable materials in the waste stream (cardboard, newspaper, glass, wood waste, plastic, metals, concrete, asphalt, reusable building materials and resale items) and to receive non-hazardous liquid wastes. In addition, the District operates a landfill gas to electrical energy system, with capacity to generate about 5,000 kilowatts of continuous power. The District also accepts household hazardous waste.

The Monterey Regional Waste Management Authority (Authority) was formed pursuant to the provisions of the Government Code of the State of California and a Joint Powers Agreement (JPA), dated April 1, 1993, by and between the cities of Carmel-by-the-Sea, Del Rey Oaks, Marina, Monterey, Pacific Grove, Sand City and Seaside. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1996, the Pebble Beach Community Services District also became a member of the Authority. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, Monterey County also became a member of the Authority. The Authority was formed to assist in the financing of public capital improvements, such as the design, acquisition and construction of additions, betterments, and improvements to the District's facilities.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these financial statements present the District (the primary government) and its component units. The Authority is included in the District's financial statements because of its significant financial relationship to the District.

#### **Financial Highlights**

#### Fiscal year 2021-22

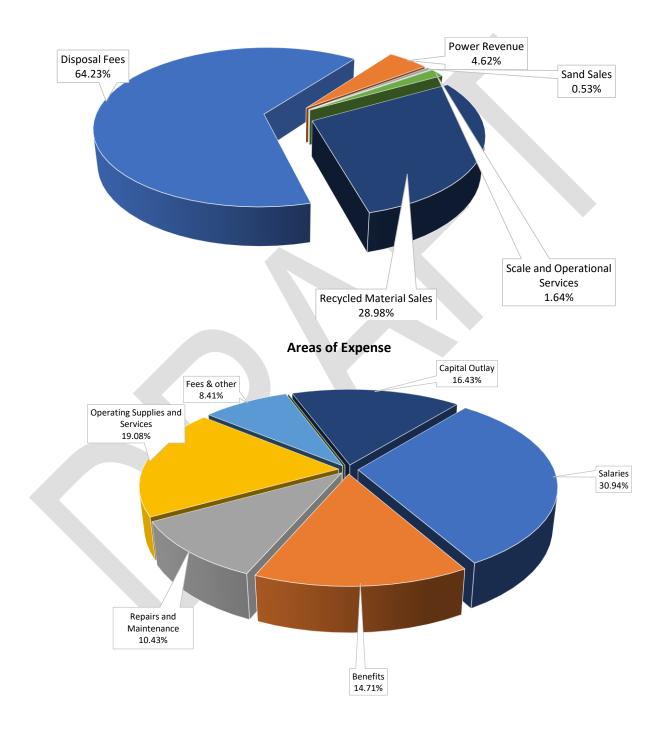
- Operating revenues increased by 7.5 percent to \$45.7 million and operating expenses increased by 0.2 percent to \$34.2 million.
- Capital outlay for buildings, equipment and infrastructure were \$5.5 million.
- Operating revenues were above budgeted revenues by \$7.0 million. Operating expenses were below budgeted amounts by \$0.4 million. Non-operating revenues and expenses were above the budgeted levels by \$0.9 million.

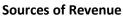
#### Fiscal year 2020-21

- Operating revenues increased by 7.1 percent to \$42.5 million and operating expenses decreased by 5.1 percent to \$34.2 million.
- Capital outlay for buildings, equipment and infrastructure were \$7.9 million.
- Operating revenues were above budgeted revenues by \$6.0 million. Operating expenses were above budgeted amounts by \$1.7 million. Non-operating revenues and expenses were below the budgeted levels by \$0.8 million.

#### **Financial Highlights (Continued)**

The following figures show the District's sources of revenues and areas of expenditures for fiscal year 2022:





#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This financial report consists of five parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, the notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information.

The financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's financial status. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of schedules of required supplementary information and a section of other supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

The District's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, expenses are recognized in the period in which they are incurred, and depreciation of assets is recognized in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included in the statement of net position.

#### **Net Position**

#### Fiscal year 2021-22

The statement of net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Net position is reported in three categories: Invested in capital assets – net of debt, restricted and unrestricted. Invested in capital assets – net of related debt is the cost of the District's buildings, equipment, and infrastructure after deducting accumulated depreciation and debt still owed on these assets. Restricted assets are the funds the District is required to set aside for landfill closing/cleanup reserves and revenue bond proceeds that are restricted for the acquisition of Materials Recovery Facility Improvement Project and the Franchise Hauler Truck Parking and Maintenance Facility Project.

The District's total net position at June 30, 2022 was \$60.8 million, a 23.1 percent increase of \$11.4 million over net position at June 30, 2021 (See Table A-1). Much of the increase in total net position is attributable to a 15.7 percent or \$1.8 million increase of recycled material sales and CRV rebates, a 32.0 percent of \$4.5 million decrease of net pension liability and 7.4 percent or \$3.5 million decrease of revenue bonds.

Total assets and deferred outflows increased by 7.0 percent to \$139.0 million.

Total liabilities and deferred inflows decreased by 2.9 percent to \$78.0 million.

#### Fiscal year 2020-21

The statement of net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Net position is reported in three categories: Invested in capital assets – net of debt, restricted and unrestricted. Invested in capital assets – net of related debt is the cost of the District's buildings, equipment, and infrastructure after deducting accumulated depreciation and debt still owed on these assets. Restricted assets are the funds the District is required to set aside for landfill closing/cleanup reserves and revenue bond proceeds that are restricted for the acquisition of Materials Recovery Facility Improvement Project and the Franchise Hauler Truck Parking and Maintenance Facility Project.

The District's total net position at June 30, 2022 was \$49.3 million, an 18.9 percent increase of \$7.8 million over net position at June 30, 2021 (See Table A-1). Much of the increase in total net position is attributable to a 45 percent or \$3.6 million increase of recycled material sales and CRV rebates and a 19 percent of \$2.4 million decrease of salary expense. Total assets and deferred outflows increased by 5.2 percent to \$127.3 million. Total liabilities and deferred inflows decreased by 1.9 percent to \$78.0 million.

	(in	N	Table A-1 let Position usands of dolla	rs)			
						Char	ge
	 2022		2021		2020	2022 to 2021	2021 to 2020
Current Assets	\$ 45,175	\$	35,836	\$	32,788	26.1%	9.3%
Restricted Assets	4,850		4,850		4,850	0.0%	0.0%
Lease receivables	2,139		2,363		-	-9.5%	0.0%
Deposits	155		155		155	0.0%	0.0%
Capital Assets–Net	82,991		82,792		78,937	0.2%	4.9%
Intangible Assets–Net	57		73		89	-21.9%	-18.0%
Total Assets	 135,367		126,069		116,819	7.4%	7.9%
Deferred Outflows	3,617		3,801		4,165	-4.8%	-8.7%
Total Assets and					·		
Deferred Outflows	\$ 138,984	\$	129,870	\$	120,984	7.0%	7.3%
Current Liabilities	\$ 7,483	\$	5,376	\$	5,323	39.2%	1.0%
Non–Current Liabilities	13,842		19,290		18,642	-28.2%	3.5%
Revenue Bonds Payable	43,328		46,814		49,179	-7.4%	-4.8%
Estimated Closure/Post							
Closure Costs	6,760		6,413		6,057	5.4%	5.9%
Total Liabilities	71,413		77,893		79,201	-8.3%	-1.7%
Deferred Inflows	6,766		2,592		317	161.0%	717.7%
Total Liabilities and Deferred							
Inflows	\$ 78,179	\$	80,485	\$	79,518	-2.9%	1.2%
Net Position:							
Invested in Capital Assets– Net of Debt	38,880		34,685		41,209	12.1%	-15.8%
Restricted	4,495					12.1%	-13.8%
	,		4,419		4,850		
Unrestricted	 17,429		10,281		(4,593)	69.5%	-323.8%
Total Net Position Total Liabilities, Deferred	 60,804		49,385		41,466	23.1%	19.1%
Inflows, and Net Position	\$ 138,983	\$	129,870	\$	120,984	7.0%	7.3%

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#### **Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position**

#### Fiscal year 2021-22

Operating revenues increased by 7.5 percent to \$45.7 million (See Table A-2). Some of the major impacts on District revenues are from:

- Revenues from disposal fees remained consistent with prior year with an increase of 3.4 percent.
- Power revenue increased by 29.8 percent due to the increase of the surplus power sold in the grid.
- Recycled material sales increased by 15.7 percent due the fast-growing activity of the Material Recovery Facility (MRF) CRV values assigned to diverted products by CalRecycle. CRV values represent 30.4 percent of total MRF revenue.
- Sand sales increased 12.5 percent compared to the prior year mainly due to the increase in demand.

Operating expenses remained consistent with prior year with a decreased of 0.2 percent. Salaries increased by 1.5 percent. Benefits decreased by 21.7 percent due to the decrease in the number of employees. Generally, the operations related expenditures remained consistent with prior year. Repairs and maintenance increased by 11.0 percent due to the repairs performed to the District site. Contracted services decreased by 14.2 percent. Recycling expenses decreased by 9.2 percent while the operating supplies decreased by 40.5% to normal level after the prior year spike due to buying COVID-19 related cleaning and disinfecting supplies. The environmental services decreased by 53.8 percent due to less costs incurred to maintain the landfill gas collection system.

#### Fiscal year 2020-21

Operating revenues increased by 7.1 percent to \$42.5 million (See Table A-2). Some of the major impacts on District revenues are from:

- Revenues from disposal fees remained consistent with prior year with a decrease of 1.6 percent.
- Power revenue increased by 22.8 percent due to the increase of the surplus power sold in the grid.
- Recycled material sales increased by 45.5 percent due the fast-growing activity of the Material Recovery Facility (MRF) CRV values assigned to diverted products by CalRecycle. CRV values represent 36.9 percent of total MRF revenue.
- Mulch, compost, and woodchip sales (landscape products) decreased by 26.5 percent due to the business slow-down resulted from the COVID-19 Worldwide Pandemic and the transfer of the sales of landscape products to a third-party business during the year.
- Sand sales increased 27.8 percent compared to the prior year mainly due to the increase in demand.
- Last chance mercantile sales decreased by 100 percent due to the store being shuttered for the entire fiscal year.

Operating expenses decreased by 5.1 percent to \$34.2 million. Salaries decreased by 19.5 percent, due to the prior year early retirement program which of many employees had utilized and accepted an early retirement package from the District. Benefits decreased by 12.4 percent due to the decrease in the number of employees. Generally, the operations related expenditures have decreased compared to the prior year due to the worldwide COVID-19 pandemic. Repairs and maintenance decreased by 4.0 percent due to the limited repairs performed. Contracted services decreased by 12.4 percent. Recycling expenses decreased by 10.6 percent while the operating supplies increased by 45.0% due to buying COVID-19 related cleaning and disinfecting supplies. The environmental services increased by 388.9 percent due to costs incurred to repair and maintain the landfill gas collection system.

	Table A–2 Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (in thousands of dollars) Change									
	2022		2021			2020	2022 to 2021	nge 2021 to 2020		
Operating Revenues		-022		2021		2020	2022 10 2021	2021 10 2020		
Disposal Fees	\$	29,330	\$	28,374	\$	28,828	3.4%	-1.6%		
Power Sales	•	2,109		1,625	·	1,323	29.8%	22.8%		
Last Chance Mercantile Sales		-		-		593	0.0%	-100.0%		
Recycled Material Sales		13,231		11,433		7,858	15.7%	45.5%		
Landscape Product Sales		-		100		150	-100.0%	-33.3%		
Scale and Operational Services		748		711		708	5.2%	0.4%		
Sand Sales		243		216		169	12.5%	27.8%		
Total Operating Revenues		45,661		42,459		39,629	7.5%	7.1%		
Operating Expenses										
Salaries		10,000		9,857		12,244	1.5%	-19.5%		
Employee Benefits		4,755		6,076		6,933	-21.7%	-12.4%		
Depreciation and Amortization		5,310		4,116		4,080	29.0%	0.9%		
Recycling		1,886		2,076		2,322	-9.2%	-10.6%		
Repairs and Maintenance		3,372		3,039		3,165	11.0%	-4.0%		
Operating Supplies, Services and Other Expenses		6,166		6,478		4,718	-4.8%	37.3%		
Taxes, Licenses and Permits		1,408		1,322		1,393	6.5%	-5.1%		
Professional services		964		836		793	15.3%	5.4%		
Closure/Post Closure Costs		347		356		355	-2.5%	0.3%		
Total Operating Expenses		34,208		34,156		36,003	0.2%	-5.1%		
Operating Income		11,453		8,303		3,626	37.9%	129.0%		
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)										
Interest Income		121		193		753	-37.3%	-74.4%		
Other Revenue (Expenses)		788		327		372	141.0%	-12.1%		
Interest Expense-Revenue Bonds and										
Capital Leases		(915)		(904)		(994)	1.2%	-9.1%		
Total Non-Operating Revenues										
(Expenses)		(33)		(384)		131	-91.4%	-393.1%		
Change in Net Position		11,420		7,919		3,757	44.2%	110.8%		
Total Net Position -										
Beginning of Year, as restated		49,385		41,466		37,709	19.1%	10.0%		
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$	60,805	\$	49 <i>,</i> 385	\$	41,466	23.1%	19.1%		

#### **Operating Revenue and Expenses by Department**

#### Fiscal year 2021-22

- Administration/organization includes senior management, administrative, accounting and engineering staff, along with organization-wide supplies and services, such as the computer network and telephone systems.
- Household hazardous waste (HHW) revenue is from charges for small quantity generators.
- Operating expenses includes all expenses related to the receipt, diversion and disposal of material from district and regional customers and the landfill gas operation. The District continues to incur expenses for air emission testing and compliance requirements for the landfill gas power operations. The District operations benefit from "free electricity" and the revenue from the sale of excess power generated by the landfill gas power operations.
- The revenue for the Materials Recovery Facility (MRF) includes the processing fees for refuse and green waste diverted at the facility, along with the revenues for sales of recycled materials, scrap metal and landscape materials and the revenue from CalRecycle CRV refund claims.
- Disposal fees make up the Scale's revenue.

#### Fiscal year 2020-21

- Administration/organization includes senior management, administrative, accounting and engineering staff, along with organization-wide supplies and services, such as the computer network and telephone systems.
- Household hazardous waste (HHW) revenue is from charges for small quantity generators.
- Operating expenses includes all expenses related to the receipt, diversion and disposal of material from district and regional customers and the landfill gas operation. The District continues to incur expenses for air emission testing and compliance requirements for the landfill gas power operations. The District operations benefit from "free electricity" and the revenue from the sale of excess power generated by the landfill gas power operations.
- The revenue for the Materials Recovery Facility (MRF) includes the processing fees for refuse and green waste diverted at the facility, along with the revenues for sales of recycled materials, scrap metal and landscape materials and the revenue from CalRecycle CRV refund claims.
- Disposal fees make up the Scale's revenue.

#### **Budget Highlights**

#### Fiscal year 2020-21

The District's operating revenues of \$45.7 million were \$7.0 million above budget and non-operating revenue was \$0.9 million above budget amounts. The revenue increase resulted primarily from increased revenue from sales of MRF products and CalRecycle CRV claims and higher volume of material landfilled. Power sales were 29.8 percent above budget due to higher runtime for the power generating machinery.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021

Operating expenses of \$34.2 million were \$0.4 million below budget. Salary expenses and benefits are \$0.4 million below budget due to lower health insurance costs offset by salaries and workers compensation costs being over budget. Recycling costs were \$0.4 million above budget due to increased volume of wood waste processing. Professional services costs were \$0.8 million below budget due in part to lower engineering services related costs. Revised closure/post closure maintenance plans have been being submitted as part of the 5-year permit review process. The plans have not been approved and the higher of the previous approved or submitted costs were used to calculate the closure/post closure costs. (see Note 6). There were several items under budget: professional services - \$895,940; fuel - \$118,505; taxes and fees - \$30,440; public awareness - \$237,992; education, meetings and travel - \$59,364; safety equipment and supplies - \$29,395; closure and post closure care costs - \$27,785; operating supplies - \$202,401. Other categories over budget were; depreciation and amortization - \$1,010,408; fuel costs - \$461,197; office expenses - \$176,286; environmental services - \$16,169; fuel - \$461,197; recycling services - \$365,910; insurance - \$14,271.

#### Fiscal year 2020-21

The District's operating revenues of \$42.5 million were \$6.0 million above budget and non-operating revenue was \$0.8 million below budget amounts. The revenue increase resulted primarily from increased revenue from sales of MRF products and CalRecycle CRV claims partially offset by lower Last Chance Mercantile and landscaping product revenue. Power sales remained stable to budget.

Operating expenses of \$34.2 million were \$1.7 million above budget. Salary expenses and benefits are \$1.1 million above budget due to the pension expense recognizing the differences between actuarial assumptions and projected and actual plan investment earnings. Recycling costs were \$0.2 million above budget due to increased volume of wood waste processing. Professional services costs were \$0.4 million below budget due in part to lower engineering services related costs. Revised closure/post closure maintenance plans have been submitted as part of the 5-year permit review process. The plans have not been approved and the higher of the previous approved or submitted costs were used to calculate the closure/post closure costs. (see Note 6). The outside services were below budget due to less temporary workers in the MRF than was budgeted. There were several items under budget: outside services - \$22,876; professional services - \$350,897; fuel - \$118,505; taxes and fees - \$119,663; depreciation and amortization - \$27,096; public awareness - \$67,034; education, meetings and travel - \$32,160; safety equipment and supplies - \$10,882; closure and post closure care costs - \$20,854, and office expenses - \$51,894. Other categories over budget were hazardous waste program - \$12,090; environmental services - \$1,094,361; operating supplies - \$116,939; recycling services - \$20,489.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

On June 30, 2022, the District's capital assets totaled \$83.0 million, net of accumulated depreciation. (See Table A-3). The increase of \$0.18 million is mostly due to capital acquisitions for the materials recycling facility.

					Cha	nge
		2022	 2021	2020	2021-20	2020-19
Land	\$	578	\$ 578	\$ 578	0.0%	0.0%
Facilities and Infrastructure		20,440	20,234	20,414	1.0%	-0.9%
Right-to-use lease, equipment		6	10	13	-40.0%	-23.1%
Equipment		35,596	33,179	29,932	7.3%	10.8%
Power Project		11,016	9,919	6,080	11.1%	63.1%
Module Development		15,355	13,550	10,352	13.3%	30.9%
Intangible Assets		57	73	89	-21.9%	-18.0%
Construction in Progress		-	 5,322	11,581	-100.0%	-54.0%
	\$	83,048	\$ 82,865	\$ 79,039	0.2%	4.8%
	-					

Fiscal year 2021-22 major capital asset additions include:

- \$150,403 for generator for truck yard.
- \$597,121 for D6 XE Dozer
- \$576,735 for compost site improvements.
- \$1,904,523 for development of modules 6 and 7.

Fiscal year 2020-21 major capital asset additions include:

- \$568,395 for BioGas Transformation to Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) project.
- \$3,423,144 for MRF expansion.
- \$1,275,575 for Caterpillar 836K Landfill Compactor.
- \$285,262 for Caterpillar 323 Hydraulic Excavator.

#### **Debt Administration**

On November 7, 2018, through the bond underwriter, the District issued \$22,970,000 in 2018 Series A and Series B Integrated Waste Management Revenue Bonds to fund the design, acquisition, and construction of improvements to the Monterey Peninsula Landfill and paying costs of issuance related to the sale and delivery of the Series 2018 Bonds. Through the bond trustee, the District continues to make its regularly scheduled payments on the 2018 Series A and B Integrated Waste Management Revenue Bonds. During 2022, principal payments of \$820,000 were made, leaving a balance of \$20,360,000. The District was in compliance with the bond covenants at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Bond Rating – In November 2018, Standard and Poor's assigned the Series 2018 Bonds the rating of AA- and view the outlook as stable.

On December 14, 2021, through the bond underwriter, the District issued \$24,910,000 in 2021 Integrated Waste Management Authority Refunding Revenue Bonds to refund the Authority's Integrated Waste Management System Revenue Bonds Series 2015A (Non-AMT) and Integrated Waste Management System Revenue Bonds Series 2015B (AMT) and pay the costs of issuance related to the issuance and sales of the Series 2021 Bonds. Through the bond trustee, the District made regularly scheduled payments on the 2021 Integrated Waste Management Refunding Revenue Bonds. During 2022, principal payments of \$1,605,000 were made, leaving a balance of \$23,305,000. The District was in compliance with the bond covenants at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Bond Rating – In December 2021, Standard and Poor's assigned the Series 2021 Bonds the rating of AA+ and view the outlook as stable.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Estimates Revenues to be \$48.38 million. This is an increase of \$9.72 million (21.2%) compared to the FY21/22 Budget and is due to the following factors:

- \$6.37million increase (23.8%) in disposal fees, due to a 7% increase in disposal fees and increase in material volumes originating from within and outside of Monterey County.
- \$3.17 million increase (34.3%) in MRF revenues, including commodities sales, processing fees and CRV revenue due to higher commodity prices.
- \$0.2 million increase (12.5%) in projected power revenue resulting from a recalibration of estimates to align more accurately with recent experiences.

Operating Expenses for FY22/23 are projected to be \$36.84 million. This is an increase of \$2.98 million (8.8%) from the FY21/22 Budget. Personnel expenses increase by \$1.3M (8.8%). Please see the accompanying memorandum from the HR Manager for details on personnel changes. Non-personnel expenses are projected to decrease \$1.70 million or 8.9% compared to the FY21/22 Budget.

Non-Operating Revenues/Expenses for FY22/23 equals \$1.58, which includes interest expense on the 2018 and 2021 Revenue Bonds at \$1.96 million, equipment lease interest expense of \$16,000 for 2018 equipment lease arrangement, and income from leases, investments, and other charges equal to \$395,000.

Capital Spend requests for FY23/23 equals \$22.68, an increase of over \$5.50 million from the FY21/22 Budget. Mobile Equipment investments for the year include the replacement of a 2002 Cat 740 articulated truck (\$0.9 million), replacement of a 2001 627G scraper with an articulating ejector truck (\$0.90 million). Two CNG fueled roll off trucks and two CNG fueled semi-trucks are included in the FY 22/23 capital spend budget however due to the long lead time to get these vehicles they have been ordered from the vendor after Board approval at the January 2022 meeting. The delivery of these vehicles is expected to be in the final quarter of calendar 2022. Capital Improvement projects include completion of the M1W-AWPF power connection (\$2.50M), development work on landfill Module 7 (\$6.5M) and roadway paving and improvements (\$2.20M), Scale house additions and modifications to meet ADA standards (\$0.9 million).

Net Income is projected at \$9,957,000.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021

Cash provided by operations for FY22/23 is estimated at \$14.75 million (Net Income less Depreciation and Amortization and Closure/Post Closure Costs). Unrestricted Cash Reserves are projected to total \$13.79 million, which is made up a Cash Operating Expense Reserve of \$6.40 million, and an additional, undesignated balance of \$7.39 million. The District will meet the 20% operating expense reserve in FY22/23 that has been established by the District.

The Bond Debt Service

The debt service Ratio calculated for FY22/23 is 3.78, which is above the Bond Covenant of 1.25.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, bondholders, and other interested parties with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Garth Gregson, Accounting Manager, at (831) 264–5526.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

	2022		2021
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		1	
Current assets			
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$ 37,560,405	\$	29,400,795
Accounts receivable, net	5,266,627		4,377,481
Accrued interest receivable	17,436		24,097
Other receivables	375,739		348,603
Lease receivables	223,440		207,663
Prepaid expenses	1,730,957		1,477,359
Total current assets	45,174,604		35,835,998
Non-current assets			
Restricted cash and investments (Note 3)	4,849,925		4,849,925
Lease receivables	2,139,496		2,362,936
Deposits	155,000		155,000
Capital assets, net (Note 4)	83,047,912		82,865,440
Total noncurrent assets	90,192,333		90,233,301
Total assets	 135,366,937		126,069,299
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension related amounts (Note 6)	2,898,942		3,016,110
OPEB related amounts (Note 7)	717,782		785,006
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,616,724		3,801,116
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 138,983,661	\$	129,870,415

## Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

	2022	2021
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,032,341	\$ 1,289,020
Security deposits	52,172	52,112
Lease payable	3,842	3,603
Compensated absences	231,739	218,527
Accrued State/County waste management fees	273,455	257,916
Payroll and payroll liabilities	335,549	275,956
Revenue bonds and lease interest payable	369,954	455,164
Current portion of revenue bonds payable (Note 8)	2,724,773	2,365,226
Current portion of installment sale obligation (Note 9)	458,783	458,783
Total current liabilities	7,482,608	5,376,307
Non-current liabilities		
Compensated absences	655,582	655,582
Lease payable	2,885	6,727
Long-term portion of installment sale obligation (Note 9)	37,840	515,814
Net pension liability (Note 6)	9,690,029	14,231,847
Total OPEB liability (Note 7)	3,455,636	3,880,481
Revenue bonds payable, net (Note 8)	43,328,549	46,813,664
Landfill closure and post closure care (Note 5)	6,760,793	6,413,578
Total noncurrent liabilities	63,931,314	72,517,693
Total liabilities	71,413,922	77,894,000
Deferred inflows of resources		
Pension related amounts (Note 6)	4,071,747	93,951
OPEB related amounts (Note 7)	468,806	-
Leases related amounts	2,225,127	2,497,592
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,765,680	2,591,543
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	78,179,602	80,485,543
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	38,879,562	34,685,286
Restricted for	30,879,302	54,085,280
Debt service	1,995,357	1,918,813
Landfill closure	1,500,000	1,500,000
Environmental impairment	1,000,000	1,000,000
Unrestricted net position	17,429,140	10,280,773
Total net position	\$ 60,804,059	ć 10.201.072
	ə 00,804,059	\$ 49,384,872

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

	2022	 2021
Operating revenues		
Disposal fees	\$ 29,329,785	\$ 28,374,166
Power sales	2,109,481	1,625,164
Recycled material sales	13,231,287	11,432,861
Scale and operational services	748,112	710,529
Sand sales	242,560	216,303
Landscape product sales	91	100,574
Total operating revenues	 45,661,316	 42,459,597
Operating expenses		
Salaries	10,001,343	9,857,148
Employee benefits	4,754,790	6,076,471
Depreciation and amortization	5,310,408	4,116,333
Recycling	1,885,910	2,075,866
Taxes, licenses and permits	1,408,060	1,322,032
Repairs & Maintenance	3,371,803	3,039,219
Professional services	963,760	836,267
Fuel	1,465,197	958,901
Contractual services	725,132	635,035
Operating supplies	927,019	1,558,133
Landfill closure and post closure care costs	347,215	356,300
Insurance	915,271	572,351
Public awareness	82,508	74,607
Office	457,686	276,579
Safety equipment and supplies	224,175	229,765
Education, meetings and travel	86,086	42,406
Hazardous waste program	334,090	357,843
Environmental services	748,669	1,619,822
Utilities	168,316	122,550
Miscellaneous	32,132	29,600
Total operating expenses	 34,209,570	 34,157,228
Operating income	\$ 11,451,746	\$ 8,302,369

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Continued) for the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

	 2022	 2021
Operating income	 11,451,746	8,302,369
Non–operating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income	\$ 121,222	\$ 192,834
Rents and leases	323,773	323,559
Gain on sale of capital assets – net	160,700	-
Interest expense – revenue bonds and financed purchase	(914,733)	(904,347)
Cost of revenue bonds issuance	(27,000)	-
Other income (expense)	303,479	 3,694
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(32,559)	 (384,260)
Change in net position	 11,419,187	 7,918,109
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	49,384,872	41,466,763
Net position, end of year	\$ 60,804,059	\$ 49,384,872

### Statement of Cash Flows for the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 44,745,034	\$ 41,737,373
Cash payments to employees for services	(15,018,997)	(14,568,504)
Cash payments to suppliers of goods or services	(12,358,897)	(15,322,728)
Net cash provided by operating activities	17,367,140	11,846,141
Cash flows from noncapital financing		
Other non-operating revenues	627,252	327,253
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	627,252	327,253
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Payments for capital acquisitions	(5,492,880)	(7,942,292)
Principal payments for capital leases	(477,974)	(464,529)
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets	160,700	-
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(28,035,568)	(2,231,680)
Proceeds from revenue bonds	24,910,000	-
Bond issuance costs paid	(27,000)	-
Interest paid on revenue bonds and capital leases	(999,943)	(932,052)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(9,962,665)	(11,570,553)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Investment income	127,883	183,306
Proceeds from investments sales	-	8,339,301
Payments to acquire investment instruments	-	(3,171,648)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	127,883	5,350,959
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	8,159,610	5,953,800
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	34,250,720	28,296,920
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 42,410,330	\$ 34,250,720

## Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) for the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

	2022	2021
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by		
operating activities		
Operating income	\$ 11,451,746	\$ 8,302,369
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided		
by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,310,408	4,116,333
Landfill closure and post closure care	347,215	356,300
Changes in assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows		
Accounts payable	1,743,321	(171,341)
Accounts receivable	(889,146)	(719,820)
Lease receivables	207,663	-
Right-to-use leased assets	(3,842)	-
Accrued compensated absences	13,212	(206,448)
Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities	59,593	169,428
Accrued State/County waste management fees	15,539	(3,111)
Deferred outflows - OPEB	67,224	55,746
Deferred outflows - pension	117,168	308,215
Net pension liability	(4,541,818)	1,190,537
Other receivables	(27,136)	(2,404)
Prepaid expenses	(253,598)	(1,393,949)
Security deposits	60	67
Lease payable	239	-
Deferred inflow-Pension	3,977,796	(223,297)
Deferred inflow-OPEB	468,806	-
Deferred inflow-Leases	(272,465)	-
Total other postemployment benefits liability	(424,845)	70,935
Total reconciling adjustments	5,915,394	3,547,191
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 17,367,140	\$ 11,849,560
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement of net position		
Demand deposits with financial institutions	\$ 20,267,190	\$ 12,169,232
Investments treated like demand deposits	22,143,140	22,081,488
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	42,410,330	34,250,720
Total cash and investments on the statement of net position	\$ 42,410,330	\$ 34,250,720
		<u> </u>
Cash and investments - classified as unrestricted	\$ 37,560,405	\$ 29,400,795
Cash and investments - classified as restricted	4,849,925	4,849,925
Total deposits and investments	\$ 42,410,330	\$ 34,250,720
Supplemental Disclosures		
Noncash investing and financing activities	ć (205.00A)	ć 4.000
Change in fair market value of investments	\$ (285,084)	\$ 1,832

#### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

#### Note 1. Description of Entity

**Reporting Entity** – The Monterey Regional Waste Management District (District), was formed in 1951 under the California Health and Safety Code. The primary purpose of the District is to dispose of solid waste in the Monterey Peninsula area. The District's role has expanded to include the recovery of recyclable materials in the waste stream (cardboard, newspaper, glass, wood waste, plastic, metals, concrete, asphalt, reusable building materials and resale items) and to receive nonhazardous liquid wastes. In addition, the District operates a landfill gas to electrical energy system which generates more than 5,000 kilowatts of continuous power. The accompanying financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments.

The District is governed by a nine-member board made up of representatives from the following entities: City of Carmel-by-the-Sea, City of Del Rey Oaks, City of Marina, City of Monterey, City of Pacific Grove, City of Sand City, City of Seaside, Pebble Beach Community Services District, and the unincorporated area representing the western portion of Monterey County.

The Monterey Regional Waste Management Authority (component unit of the District) was formed pursuant to the provisions of the Government Code of the State of California and a Joint Powers Agreement, dated April 1, 1993, by and between the City of Carmel-by-the-Sea, City of Del Rey Oaks, City of Marina, City of Monterey, City of Pacific Grove, City of Sand City and City of Seaside. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1996, the Pebble Beach Community Services District also became a member of the Authority. The Authority was formed to assist in the financing and public capital improvements, such as the design, acquisition and construction of additions, betterments, and improvements to the District's facilities.

The Authority has issued revenue bonds to finance the capital improvements and will maintain the debt from the revenue bonds on its books. The District has received ownership of the constructed assets and will maintain these assets on its books. In consideration for these assets, the District has pledged its revenue to the Authority, in sufficient amounts to pay the principal and interest payments of the revenue bonds. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company (Trustee) is described in the Integrated Waste Management Improvement Agreement and the Trust Agreement by and between the Authority, the District, and the Trustee.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District and its component unit, the Authority, a legally separate organization for which the District is financially accountable. The governing board of the District serves as the governing board of the Authority. The Authority exists solely to finance the acquisition and construction of equipment and facilities for the District. The Authority is so intertwined with the District that it is, in substance, the same as the District and, therefore, is reported as a blended component unit of the District.

#### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Basis of Presentation and Accounting** – Enterprise funds are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties and are accounted for in an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds maintain their records using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the related liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows.

The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position displays information about the primary government (District) and its component unit (Authority). Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of activities between the entities.

Operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the District. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values.

**Net Position** – The District's net position is required to be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following categories:

**Net Investment in Capital Assets** – This component of net position, includes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

**Restricted** – This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, that restrict the use of net position.

**Unrestricted** – This component of net position consists of assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** – The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF).

**Investments** – The District records its investments at fair market value. Changes in fair market value are reported as revenue in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Fair market value of the LAIF is determined by the sponsoring government based on quoted market prices. The District's investments in LAIF are valued based on the relative fair value of the entire pool to the pool's amortized cost.

**Accounts Receivable** – Accounts receivable are composed of amounts due from customers for tipping fees. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the balances are shown net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$10,892 and \$10,892, respectively. The District used the allowance method to account for uncollectible accounts receivable. The allowance is based on prior experience and management's analysis of bad debts.

#### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

**Capital Assets** – Purchased capital assets are accounted for at cost, or contributed assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value on the date received. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives used to depreciate assets, by asset class, are as follows:

Administrative and scale	5–40 Years
Disposal and recycling	3–60 Years
Power project	5–40 Years
Module development	5–80 Years

The District records the value of intangible right-to-use assets based on the underlying leased asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The right-to-use intangible asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

**Compensated Absences** – The District allows employees to accrue vacation and compensation time. The accrued liability is based on the employee's hourly rate at year end. All accumulated vacation and compensation time is recorded as an expense and a liability in the proprietary fund at the time the liability is incurred and depending on classification, as a current or long-term liability. Upon termination of an employee, the District is required to pay accrued vacation and compensation time. Sick leave is recorded as an expense when it is paid, and it is not required to be paid upon termination of an employee.

The changes of the compensated absences were as follows during the years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021:

								Dι	ue Within
	July 1,	A	dditions	Re	eductions	J	une 30,	C	ne Year
2022	\$ 874,109	\$	182,586	\$	169,374	\$	887,321	\$	231,739
2021	\$ 1,080,558	\$	76,293	\$	282,742	\$	874,109	\$	218,527

Bond Premiums – Bond premiums are amortized over the life of the bond as a component of interest expense.

**Pension Plan** – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CaIPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

Accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. The following timeframes are used:

Year Ended June 30, 2021	
Valuation Date (VD)	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2021
Measurement Period (MP)	July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021
Year Ended June 30, 2020	
Valuation Date (VD)	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2020
Measurement Period (MP)	July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020
wedsarement renou (wir )	July 1, 2015 to Julie 50, 2020

**Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)** – For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense and additions to/deductions from the District Plan. For this purpose, the District Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

**Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources** – In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

**Leases** – The District is a lessee for a noncancellable equipment leases. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in its financial statement.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses its estimated bond borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases with adjustment for the applicable lease terms.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

#### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with noncurrent capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt as current and noncurrent liabilities on the statement of net position.

The District is a lessor of an parking facility. Accordingly, the District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The District uses the U.S. Treasury state and local government securities (SLGS) rates as the discount rate for leases with adjustment for applicable lease terms.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

**Revenues and Expenses** – Revenue is recognized when earned. Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the District. Operating revenues consist primarily of user charges for disposal fees. Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from non-exchange transactions.

#### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

**Concentration in Sales to Customers** – In 2022, the District's three largest customers accounted for approximately 36 percent, 17 percent, and 13 percent of sales. In 2021, the largest customers accounted for 33 percent, 14 percent and 12 percent of sales.

**Spending Order Policy** – When an expense is incurred for which there are both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, it is the District's policy to apply these expenses to restricted net position to the extent that such are available and then to unrestricted net position.

**Budget Policy** – The District's Board of Directors annually adopts the budget for the District. Board of Directors' actions are required for the approval of budget revisions.

**Use of Estimates** – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### New Accounting Principles from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB)

**GASB Statement No. 87** – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

#### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

#### Note 3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments are classified in the financial statements as of June 30 as follows:

	2022		2021	
Unrestricted	\$	37,560,405	\$	29,400,795
Restricted				
Held by trustee for bond reserve account		2,349,925		2,349,925
For landfill closure and post closure care costs		1,500,000		1,500,000
For environmental impairment fund		1,000,000		1,000,000
Total restricted		4,849,925		4,849,925
Total cash and investments	\$	42,410,330	\$	34,250,720

At June 30, deposits and investments are comprised of the following:

	 2022	 2021
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 20,267,190	\$ 12,169,232
Investments		
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	22,143,140	 22,081,488
Total investments	22,143,140	22,081,488
Total deposits and investments	\$ 42,410,330	\$ 34,250,720

#### **Authorized Investments**

The District participates in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) which, under the oversight of the Treasury of the State of California, is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429. The District's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the District's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration of credit risk, other than as contained in California Government Code.

#### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

#### The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in the following:

		Maximum		
	Maximum	Specified	Minimum	Government
Investment	Remaining	% Of	Quality	Code
Туре	Maturity	Portfolio	Requirements	Sections
Local Agency Bonds	5 Years	None	None	53601(a)
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None	53601(b)
State Obligations: CA and Others	5 Years	None	None	53601(d)
CA Local Agency Obligations	5 Years	None	None	53601(e)
U.S. Agency Obligations	5 Years	None	None	53601(f)
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	None	53601(g)
Commercial Paper: Non-pooled Funds	270 days or less	25% of the agency's money	(1)	53601(h)(2)(C)
Commercial Paper: Pooled Funds	270 days or less	40% of the agency's money	(1)	53635(a)(1)
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%	None	53601(i)
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	None	None	53630 et seq.
Placement Service Deposits	5 Years	30%	None	53601.8 and 53635.8
Placement Service Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%	None	53601.8 and 53635.8
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None	53601(j)
Reverse Repurchase Agreements and Securities Lending Agreements	92 days <sup>L</sup>	20% of the base value of the portfolio	None	53601(j)
Medium-term Notes	5 years or less	30%	(2)	53601(k)
Mutual Funds and Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	Multiple	53601(l) and 53601.6(b)
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 years	None	None	53630 et seq. and 53601(n)
Mortgage Pass-through and Asset Backed Securities	5 years or less	20%	(2)	53601(o)
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None	27133
Joint Powers Authority Pool	N/A	None	Multiple	53601(p)
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None	16429.1
Voluntary Investment Program Fund	N/A	None	None	16340
Supranational Obligations	5 years or less	30%	(2)	53601(q)

<sup>(1)</sup> Highest letter and number rating by a NRSRO

<sup>(2)</sup> "A" rating category or its equivalent or better

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

As of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, the District's bank balance of \$19,827,244 and \$12,757,221, respectively, was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

### **Credit Risk**

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Local Agency Investment Fund does not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the Local Agency Investment Fund. The sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuation is measured as the weighted average maturity of the investment portfolio, which was 247 days on June 30, 2022, and 225 days on June 30, 2021.

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value.

The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data.

Deposits and withdrawals in the Local Agency Investment Fund are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the District's proportionate share of investments on June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 is an uncategorized input not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

### Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Ju	Capital Assets at ne 30, 2021	Additions and Transfers	Dis	positions and Transfers	Ju	Capital Assets at Ine 30, 2022
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land and improvements	\$	578,210	\$ -	\$	-	\$	578,210
Construction in progress		5,321,469	 -		(5,321,469)		-
Total capital assets not being depreciated		5,899,679	-		(5,321,469)		578,210
Other capital assets							
Administrative and scale:							
Right-to-use lease, equipment		13,749	-		-		13,749
Equipment		1,226,903	101,697		-		1,328,600
Facilities		17,181,028	272,457		-		17,453,485
Disposal and recycling:							
Equipment		51,401,521	5,374,406		(2,347,538)		54,428,389
Facilities		18,626,951	1,039,853		-		19,666,804
Power project		21,621,550	2,123,514		-		23,745,064
Module development		17,976,348	1,902,422		-		19,878,770
Intangible site master plan		738,557	-		-		738,557
Total other capital assets at historical cost		128,786,607	10,814,349		(2,347,538)		137,253,418
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization							
for Right-to-use lease, equipment		(3,794)	(3,795)		-		(7 <i>,</i> 589)
Administrative and scale		(4,344,277)	(685,174)		-		(5,029,451)
Disposal and recycling		(46,807,666)	(4,605,413)		2,347,538		(49,065,541)
Intangible site master plan		(665,109)	 (16,026)		-		(681,135)
Total accumulated depreciation		(51,820,846)	(5,310,408)		2,347,538		(54,783,716)
Other capital assets, net		76,965,761	5,503,941		-		82,469,702
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	82,865,440	\$ 5,503,941	\$	(5,321,469)	\$	83,047,912

### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES           Capital assets not being depreciated           Land and improvements         \$ 578,210         \$ - \$ - \$ 578,210           Construction in progress         15,382,165         5,850,570         (15,911,266)         5,321,469           Total capital assets not being depreciated         15,960,375         5,850,570         (15,911,266)         5,899,679           Other capital assets         Administrative and scale:         -         -         13,749           Right-to-use lease, equipment         13,749         -         -         13,749           Equipment         907,307         319,596         -         1,226,903           Facilities         17,016,677         164,351         -         17,181,028           Disposal and recycling:         Equipment         46,382,237         5,019,284         -         51,401,521           Facilities         17,915,650         711,301         -         18,626,951           Power project         10,879,348         7,097,000         -         1,23,756           Total other capital assets at historical cost         110,783,619         18,002,988         -         738,557           Total other capital assets at historical cost         110,783,619         18,002,988         128,786,607 </th <th></th> <th>Restated Capital Assets at June 30, 2020</th> <th>Additions and Transfers</th> <th>Dispositions and Transfers</th> <th>Capital Assets at June 30, 2021</th>		Restated Capital Assets at June 30, 2020	Additions and Transfers	Dispositions and Transfers	Capital Assets at June 30, 2021
Land and improvements\$ $578,210$ \$.\$.\$ $578,210$ Construction in progress15,382,165 $5,850,570$ $(15,911,266)$ $5,321,469$ Total capital assets not being depreciated15,960,375 $5,850,570$ $(15,911,266)$ $5,321,469$ Other capital assetsAdministrative and scale: $13,749$ $13,749$ Right-to-use lease, equipment907,307 $319,596$ - $1,226,903$ Facilities17,016,677164,351-17,181,028Disposal and recycling:Equipment $46,382,237$ $5,019,284$ - $51,401,521$ Facilities17,915,650711,301- $18,626,951$ Power project16,930,094 $4,691,456$ - $21,621,550$ Module development10,879,3487,097,000- $17,976,348$ Intangible site master plan738,557 $738,557$ Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for Right-to-use lease, equipment- $(3,794)$ - $(3,794)$ Administrative and scale $(3,701,266)$ $(643,011)$ - $(43,344,277)$ Disposal and recycling $(43,354,162)$ $(3,453,504)$ - $(46,807,666)$ Intangible site master plan $(649,085)$ $(16,024)$ - $(665,109)$ Total other capital assets, net $63,079,106$ $13,886,655$ - $76,965,761$	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Capital assets not being depreciated				
Total capital assets not being depreciated         15,960,375         5,850,570         (15,911,266)         5,899,679           Other capital assets         Administrative and scale:         Right-to-use lease, equipment         13,749         -         -         13,749           Equipment         907,307         319,596         -         1,226,903           Facilities         17,016,677         164,351         -         17,181,028           Disposal and recycling:         46,382,237         5,019,284         -         51,401,521           Facilities         17,915,650         711,301         -         18,626,951           Power project         16,930,094         4,691,456         -         21,621,550           Module development         10,879,348         7,097,000         -         17,976,348           Intangible site master plan         738,557         -         -         738,557           Total other capital assets at historical cost         110,783,619         18,002,988         -         128,786,607           Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for         (3,701,266)         (643,011)         -         (4,344,277)           Disposal and recycling         (43,354,162)         (3,453,504)         -         (46,807,666)	Land and improvements	\$ 578,210	\$-	\$ -	\$ 578,210
Other capital assets           Administrative and scale:           Right-to-use lease, equipment         13,749           Equipment         907,307           Facilities         17,016,677           Disposal and recycling:         17,915,650           Equipment         46,382,237           Facilities         17,915,650           Power project         16,930,094           Module development         10,879,348           Intangible site master plan         738,557           Total other capital assets at historical cost         110,783,619           Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for         (3,701,266)           Right-to-use lease, equipment         -           Administrative and scale         (3,701,266)           Intangible site master plan         -           Total other capital assets at historical cost         110,783,619           Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for         -           Right-to-use lease, equipment         -           Josposal and recycling         (43,354,162)           Intangible site master plan         -           Captor         -           Josposal and recycling         (43,701,266)           Intangible site master plan         -	Construction in progress	15,382,165	5,850,570	(15,911,266)	5,321,469
Administrative and scale:       13,749       -       -       13,749         Right-to-use lease, equipment       907,307       319,596       -       1,226,903         Facilities       17,016,677       164,351       -       17,181,028         Disposal and recycling:       -       -       51,401,521         Equipment       46,382,237       5,019,284       -       51,401,521         Facilities       17,915,650       711,301       -       18,626,951         Power project       16,930,094       4,691,456       -       21,621,550         Module development       10,879,348       7,097,000       -       17,976,348         Intangible site master plan       738,557       -       -       738,557         Total other capital assets at historical cost       110,783,619       18,002,988       -       128,786,607         Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for       -       (3,794)       -       (3,794)         Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,84,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (6	Total capital assets not being depreciated	15,960,375	5,850,570	(15,911,266)	5,899,679
Right-to-use lease, equipment       13,749       -       13,749         Equipment       907,307       319,596       -       1,226,903         Facilities       17,016,677       164,351       -       17,181,028         Disposal and recycling:       -       -       18,626,951         Equipment       46,382,237       5,019,284       -       51,401,521         Facilities       17,915,650       711,301       -       18,626,951         Power project       16,930,094       4,691,456       -       21,621,550         Module development       10,879,348       7,097,000       -       17,976,348         Intangible site master plan       738,557       -       -       738,557         Total other capital assets at historical cost       110,783,619       18,002,988       -       128,786,607         Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for       -       (3,794)       -       (3,794)         Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,344,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (465,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)	•				
Equipment       907,307       319,596       -       1,226,903         Facilities       17,016,677       164,351       -       17,181,028         Disposal and recycling:       -       -       17,191,028       -       17,101,521         Facilities       17,915,650       711,301       -       18,626,951         Power project       16,930,094       4,691,456       -       21,621,550         Module development       10,879,348       7,097,000       -       17,976,348         Intangible site master plan       738,557       -       -       738,557         Total other capital assets at historical cost       110,783,619       18,002,988       -       128,786,607         Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for       -       (3,794)       -       (3,794)         Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,344,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (665,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)         Other capital assets, net       63,0		40 740			40 740
Facilities       17,016,677       164,351       -       17,181,028         Disposal and recycling:       -       -       51,401,521         Equipment       46,382,237       5,019,284       -       51,401,521         Facilities       17,915,650       711,301       -       18,626,951         Power project       16,930,094       4,691,456       -       21,621,550         Module development       10,879,348       7,097,000       -       17,976,348         Intangible site master plan       738,557       -       -       738,557         Total other capital assets at historical cost       110,783,619       18,002,988       -       128,786,607         Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for       -       (3,794)       -       (3,794)         Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,344,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (665,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)         Other capital assets, net       63,079,106       13,886,655	-		-	-	
Disposal and recycling:       46,382,237       5,019,284       -       51,401,521         Facilities       17,915,650       711,301       -       18,626,951         Power project       16,930,094       4,691,456       -       21,621,550         Module development       10,879,348       7,097,000       -       17,976,348         Intangible site master plan       738,557       -       -       738,557         Total other capital assets at historical cost       110,783,619       18,002,988       -       128,786,607         Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for       -       (3,794)       -       (3,794)         Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,344,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (665,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)         Other capital assets, net       63,079,106       13,886,655       -       76,965,761				-	
Equipment       46,382,237       5,019,284       -       51,401,521         Facilities       17,915,650       711,301       -       18,626,951         Power project       16,930,094       4,691,456       -       21,621,550         Module development       10,879,348       7,097,000       -       17,976,348         Intangible site master plan       738,557       -       -       738,557         Total other capital assets at historical cost       110,783,619       18,002,988       -       128,786,607         Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for       -       (3,794)       -       (3,794)         Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,344,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (665,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)         Other capital assets, net       63,079,106       13,886,655       -       76,965,761		17,016,677	164,351	-	17,181,028
Facilities       17,915,650       711,301       -       18,626,951         Power project       16,930,094       4,691,456       -       21,621,550         Module development       10,879,348       7,097,000       -       17,976,348         Intangible site master plan       738,557       -       -       738,557         Total other capital assets at historical cost       110,783,619       18,002,988       -       128,786,607         Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for       -       (3,794)       -       (3,794)         Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,344,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (665,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)         Other capital assets, net       63,079,106       13,886,655       -       76,965,761					
Power project       16,930,094       4,691,456       -       21,621,550         Module development       10,879,348       7,097,000       -       17,976,348         Intangible site master plan       738,557       -       -       738,557         Total other capital assets at historical cost       110,783,619       18,002,988       -       128,786,607         Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for       -       (3,794)       -       (3,794)         Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,344,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (665,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)         Other capital assets, net       63,079,106       13,886,655       -       76,965,761				-	
Module development       10,879,348       7,097,000       -       17,976,348         Intangible site master plan       738,557       -       -       738,557         Total other capital assets at historical cost       110,783,619       18,002,988       -       128,786,607         Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for       -       (3,794)       -       (3,794)         Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,344,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (665,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)         Other capital assets, net       63,079,106       13,886,655       -       76,965,761				-	
Intangible site master plan       738,557       -       -       738,557         Total other capital assets at historical cost       110,783,619       18,002,988       -       128,786,607         Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for       -       (3,794)       -       (3,794)         Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,344,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (665,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)         Other capital assets, net       63,079,106       13,886,655       -       76,965,761		, ,		-	
Total other capital assets at historical cost       110,783,619       18,002,988       -       128,786,607         Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for       -       (3,794)       -       (3,794)         Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,344,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (665,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)         Other capital assets, net       63,079,106       13,886,655       -       76,965,761		10,879,348	7,097,000	-	17,976,348
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for Right-to-use lease, equipment         -         (3,794)         -         (3,794)           Administrative and scale         (3,701,266)         (643,011)         -         (4,344,277)           Disposal and recycling         (43,354,162)         (3,453,504)         -         (46,807,666)           Intangible site master plan         (649,085)         (16,024)         -         (665,109)           Total accumulated depreciation         (47,704,513)         (4,116,333)         -         (51,820,846)           Other capital assets, net         63,079,106         13,886,655         -         76,965,761	Intangible site master plan	738,557	-	-	738,557
Right-to-use lease, equipment       -       (3,794)       -       (3,794)         Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,344,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (665,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)         Other capital assets, net       63,079,106       13,886,655       -       76,965,761	Total other capital assets at historical cost	110,783,619	18,002,988	-	128,786,607
Administrative and scale       (3,701,266)       (643,011)       -       (4,344,277)         Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (665,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)         Other capital assets, net       63,079,106       13,886,655       -       76,965,761	Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for	r			
Disposal and recycling       (43,354,162)       (3,453,504)       -       (46,807,666)         Intangible site master plan       (649,085)       (16,024)       -       (665,109)         Total accumulated depreciation       (47,704,513)       (4,116,333)       -       (51,820,846)         Other capital assets, net       63,079,106       13,886,655       -       76,965,761	Right-to-use lease, equipment	-	(3,794)	-	(3,794)
Intangible site master plan         (649,085)         (16,024)         -         (665,109)           Total accumulated depreciation         (47,704,513)         (4,116,333)         -         (51,820,846)           Other capital assets, net         63,079,106         13,886,655         -         76,965,761	Administrative and scale	(3,701,266)	(643,011)	-	(4,344,277)
Total accumulated depreciation         (47,704,513)         (4,116,333)         -         (51,820,846)           Other capital assets, net         63,079,106         13,886,655         -         76,965,761	Disposal and recycling	(43,354,162)	(3,453,504)	-	(46,807,666)
Other capital assets, net 63,079,106 13,886,655 - 76,965,761	Intangible site master plan	(649,085)	(16,024)	-	(665,109)
	Total accumulated depreciation	(47,704,513)	(4,116,333)	-	(51,820,846)
Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 79,039,481 \$ 19,737,225 \$ (15,911,266) \$ 82,865,440	Other capital assets, net	63,079,106	13,886,655	-	76,965,761
	Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 79,039,481	\$ 19,737,225	\$ (15,911,266)	\$ 82,865,440

## Note 5. Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require that the Monterey Regional Waste Management District place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the estimated future closure and post closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The District's updated Site Master Plan and Closure and Post Closure Plan were approved by state regulatory agencies during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The District completed an Updated Preliminary Closure and Post Closure Maintenance Plan and a Joint Technical Document for Landfill Development in April 2010. In December 2016, revised Closure and Post Closure Plans were submitted as part of the 5-Year Permit Review. These plans have not received official approval.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

The liability recognized for the estimated landfill closure and post closure care cost used the greater cost estimates and are \$6,760,793 and \$6,413,578 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively which was based on 23.3 percent and 23.3 percent usage (filled) of the landfill at that date. It is estimated that an additional \$21,316,000 will be recognized as landfill closure and post closure care expenses between June 30, 2022, and the date the landfill is expected to be filled to capacity (in the year 2176). The current estimated total cost of the landfill closure and post closure care of \$28,222,397 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were required as of June 30, 2022.

However, the actual cost of the landfill closure and post closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The Monterey Regional Waste Management District is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to finance closure and post closure care. The District is in compliance with these requirements. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, investments of \$1,500,000 were held to meet the state requirements. These investments are presented on the District's statements of net position as restricted assets. It is anticipated that future inflation costs will be financed in part from earnings on investments. The District meets the financial assurance test for federal purposes. The remaining portion of anticipated future inflation costs (including inadequate earnings on investments, if any) and additional costs that might arise from changes in post closure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users.

## Note 6. Net Pension Liabilities

## **Plan Description**

The District participates in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). A full description of the pension plan regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information are listed in the June 30, 2020, Annual Actuarial Valuation Report. Details of the benefits provided can be obtained in Appendix B of the actuarial valuation report. This report and CalPERS' audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

All permanent District employees are eligible to participate in the Public Employees' Retirement (Fund) of California's Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Fund is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for various local and state government agencies with the State of California. The Fund provides retirement, disability, and death benefits based on employees' age, years of service, and the highest year's compensation. Employees vest after five years of service and may receive retirement benefits commencing at age 50. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established be state statute. CalPERS' annual financial report can be found on their website: www.calpers.ca.gov.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

#### **Benefits Provided**

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on yeas of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non–duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefits, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are as specified by the California Public Employees' Retirement law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Mi	scellaneous
Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after to January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefits payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 – 63	52 – 67
Monthly benefits, as a percent of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	7.000%	6.750%
Required employer contribution rates	9.36%	9.36%

## **Employees Covered**

At June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 valuation dates, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	2020	2019
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	79	68
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	67	65
Active employees	133	137
Total	279	270

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan is determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the District paid the employer's share and the employee' paid the employees' share of the contributions. The contributions were as follows:

		2022	 2021
Employer normal contributions	\$	805,630	\$ 793,556
Annual UAL prepayment		1,038,116	864,024
Total employer contributions		1,843,746	1,657,580
Employee contributions		589,682	 566,189
Total contributions	\$	2,433,428	\$ 2,223,769

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The District's net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2022, for the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2021, using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown on the following page.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using standard update procedures, were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by entry age and service
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%
Mortality	Based on CalPERS Experience
	Study using Scale BB

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2020, using standard update procedures, were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Miscellaneous
June 30, 2019
June 30, 2020
Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
7.15%
2.50%
2.75%
Varies by entry age and service
7.15%
Based on CalPERS Experience
Study using Scale BB

The mortality table used for Miscellaneous Plan was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of Scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 Experience Study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) available on CalPERS website under Forms and Publications. All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of this report, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates.

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,240,535 and \$4,590,683, respectively. On June 30, 2022 and 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		2022				2021		
		Deferred	Deferred		Deferred			Deferred
	(	Dutflow	Inflow			Outflow		Inflow
	of	of Resources of Resources		of Resources of Resources		Resources of Resources		Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to								
measurement date	\$	1,843,746	\$	-	\$	1,657,580	\$	-
Difference between actual and								
expected experience		1,055,196		-		841,737		-
Changes in assumptions		-		(41,756)		299,487		(93,951)
Net differences between projected								
and actual earnings on plan								
investments		-		(4,029,991)		217,306		-
Total	\$	2,898,942	\$	(4,071,747)	\$	3,016,110	\$	(93,951)

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

\$1,843,746 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Outfle	Deferred ows/(Inflows) of Resources
Ś	(658,930)
Ŧ	(622,416)
	(771,566)
	(963,639)
\$	(3,016,551)
	Outfle \$ \$

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate, and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expense.

### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Asset Class <sup>1</sup>	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 <sup>2</sup>	Real Return Years 11+ <sup>3</sup>
	Asset Class	Allocation	fears 1 - 10	Tears 11+
Global Equity		50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income		28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets		0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity		8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate		13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity		1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total		100.0%		

<sup>(1)</sup> In the System's ACFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

<sup>(2)</sup> An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

<sup>(3)</sup> An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	 2022	2021
1% Decrease	6.15%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 16,686,426	\$ 20,959,480
Current Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,690,029	\$ 14,231,847
1% Increase	8.15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,893,280	\$ 8,663,620

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

## Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability for the plan during the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease) Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (c) = (a) - (b)
Balance at: June 30, 2020 measurement date	\$ 49,021,363	\$ 34,789,516	\$ 14,231,847
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:			
Service Cost	1,427,982	-	1,427,982
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	3,515,696	-	3,515,696
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	655,977	-	655,977
Contributions from the Employer	-	1,657,511	(1,657,511)
Contributions from Employees	-	566,164	(566,164)
Net Investment Income	-	7,952,551	(7,952,551)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee			
Contributions	(2,441,490)	(2,441,490)	-
Administrative Expense	-	(34,753)	34,753
Net Changes	3,158,165	7,699,983	(4,541,818)
Balance at: June 30, 2021 measurement date	\$ 52,179,528	\$ 42,489,499	\$ 9,690,029

### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

The changes in the net pension liability for the plan during the year ended June 30, 2021 follows:

	ease (Decrease) Pension Liability (a)	Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (c) = (a) - (b)		
Balance at: June 30, 2019 measurement date	\$ 45,901,184	\$ 32,859,874	\$	13,041,310	
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:					
Service Cost	1,448,004	-		1,448,004	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	3,288,683	-		3,288,683	
Differences between Expected and Actual					
Experience	357,277	-		357,277	
Contributions from the Employer	-	1,564,484		(1,564,484)	
Contributions from Employees	-	633,184		(633,184)	
Net Investment Income	-	1,752,083		(1,752,083)	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of					
Employee Contributions	(1,973,785)	(1,973,785)		-	
Administrative Expense	-	(46,324)		46,324	
Net Changes	 3,120,179	1,929,642		1,190,537	
Balance at: June 30, 2020 measurement date	\$ 49,021,363	\$ 34,789,516	\$	14,231,847	

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

## Note 7. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

As of June 30, 2022, the District reported the following amounts for total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense:

Т	otal OPEB	Defer	red Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows	OPEB		
	Liability	of Resources		of I	Resources	Expense		
\$	3,455,636	\$	717,782	\$	468,806	\$	336,699	

As of June 30, 2021, the District reported the following amounts for total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense:

Т	otal OPEB	Defe	rred Outflows	Deferred	Inflows	OPEB		
	Liability	of	Resources	of Resources		Expense		
\$	3,880,481	\$	785,006	\$	-	\$	373,843	

### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

#### Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The District maintains a single-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan (administered by the District). The District is obligated by a memorandum of understanding to contribute toward health insurance premiums for certain employees retired from the District at the age of 55 or older with at least five years of continuous employment with the District. Payments are made until the retiree reaches the age of 65. Retirees are currently reimbursed at the rate of \$28.79 a month for each year of District service. Beginning in 2006, the monthly rate is increased by 2 percent each calendar year. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. Plan terms may be amended by the District and its bargaining units.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30 measurement dates, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Participating Active Employees	113	117
	115	11/
Inactive Employees Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	11	19
Total	124	136

#### Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$3,455,636 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's total OPEB liability of \$3,880,481 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was measured as of June 30, 2021.

#### Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	2.75 percent, average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.54 percent, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00 percent per year

The discount rate estimates investment earnings for assets earmarked to cover retiree health benefit liabilities. The discount rate depends on the nature of underlying assets for funded plans. The discount rate used for an unfunded plan is based on an index of 20-year general obligation municipal bonds. A discount rate of 3.54% was used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation. The interest rate used in the prior valuation was 2.16%.

The mortality assumptions are based on the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees table created by CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies mortality for participating agencies and establishes mortality tables that are modified versions of commonly used tables. This table incorporates mortality projection as deemed appropriate based on CalPERS analysis.

#### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

For the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Total OPEB
	Liability
Balance at July 1, 2021	\$ 3,880,481
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	230,679
Interest on the TPL	83,874
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	(175,877)
Assumption changes	(338,007)
Benefit payments	(225,514)
Net changes	(424,845)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 3,455,636
For the year ended June 30, 2021:	
	Total OPEB
	Liability
Balance at July 1, 2019	\$ 3,809,546
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	223,074
Interest on the TPL	83,545
Assumption changes	11,478
Benefit payments	(247,162)
Net changes	70,935
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 3,880,481

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	2022	2021
	Total OPEB	Total OPEB
Discount Rate	Liability	Liability
1% decrease	\$ 3,698,095	\$ 4,140,143
Current discount rate (3.54% for 2022 and 2.16% for 2021)	3,455,636	3,880,481
1% increase	3,227,482	3,631,311

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rates:

	2022	2021
	Total OPEB	Total OPEB
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Liability	Liability
1% decrease (3%)	\$ 3,110,437	\$ 3,456,863
Current healthcare cost trend rate (4%)	3,455,636	3,880,481
1% increase (5%)	3,860,811	4,381,852

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$336,699 and \$373,843 respectively. On June 30 the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB for the following items:

	20	22	2021				
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred			
	Outflow	Inflow	Outflow	Inflow			
	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources			
Difference between actual and							
expected experience							
	\$ 300,604	\$ (160,449)	\$ 328,438	\$-			
Changes in assumptions	417,178	(308,357)	456,568				
Total	\$ 717,782	\$ (468,806)	\$ 785,006	\$-			

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

	-	Deferred					
Measurement Period	Outflows/(Inflows) of						
Ended June 30:	Resources						
2023	\$	22,146					
2024		22,146					
2025		22,146					
2026		22,146					
2027		22,146					
Thereafter		138,246					
	\$	248,976					

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

#### Note 8. Long Term Debt

On December 14, 2021, the District issued \$24,910,000 in revenue bonds with an interest rate range of 0.65 percent to 2.61 percent to advance refund \$24,450,000 of Series 2015 A and Series 2015 B revenue bonds with an interest rate range of 2.00 percent to 5.00 percent. The net proceeds of \$26,670,287 (including costs of issuance \$295 thousand) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2015 series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for the defeased bonds is not reported on the statement of net position.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price of the new debt (\$26,965,106 placed with the escrow agent) and the net carrying amount of the old debt (\$25,375,342 of bond principal and unamortized bond premiums) in the amount of \$1,589,746. The advance refunding decreases the total debt service payments, inclusive of principal and interest, over the next 12 years by \$4,519,130 and results in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$1.7 million.

The 2018 Series A and B Revenue Bonds (revenue bonds) were sold, executed, and delivered in the aggregate principal amount of \$22,970,000 only as fully registered bonds in the denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiples thereof. The revenue bonds are dated and bear interest from November 21, 2018, at the rates per annum set forth below, payable semiannually on October 1 and April 1, commencing April 1, 2019, and will mature April 1 in the years and in the principal amounts set forth below. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, Los Angeles, California, acts as trustee and Cede & Co, as the nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, as registrar and paying agent for the 2018 Series A and Series B Revenue Bonds.

The 2021 Series Revenue Bonds (refunding revenue bonds) were sold, executed, and delivered in the aggregate principal amount of \$24,910,000 as fully registered bonds in the denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiples thereof. The revenue bonds are dated and bear interest from December 14, 2021, at the rates per annum set forth below, payable semiannually on October 1 and April 1, commencing April 1, 2022, and will mature April 1 in the years and in the principal amounts set forth below. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, Los Angeles, California, acts as trustee and Cede & Co, as the nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, as registrar and paying agent for the 2021 Series Refunding Revenue Bonds.

	Ju	ıne 30, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Ju	ne 30, 2022	 nounts Due hin One Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Revenue Bonds:							
Series 2015A	\$	14,440,000	\$ -	\$ 14,440,000	\$	-	\$ -
Series 2015B		10,010,000	-	10,010,000		-	-
Series 2018A		11,555,000	-	-		11,555,000	-
Series 2018B		9,625,000	-	820,000		8,805,000	860,000
Series 2021		-	 24,910,000	1,605,000		23,305,000	1,785,000
Total Revenue Bonds		45,630,000	 24,910,000	26,875,000		43,665,000	 2,645,000
Bond premiums		3,548,890	-	 1,160,568		2,388,322	 79,773
	\$	49,178,890	\$ 24,910,000	\$ 28,035,568	\$	46,053,322	\$ 2,724,773

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

The Trust Agreement provides that the 2018 Series A and Series B and 2021 Revenue Bonds and the interest thereon are payable from, and are secured by a first pledge of and charge and lien upon the revenues derived by the Authority from the District under the Improvement Agreement, the Reserve Fund held under the Trust Agreement, and certain interest, profit and other income derived from certain funds held under the Trust Agreement, all under the terms and conditions set forth in the Trust Agreement.

The debt service requirements of the bonds for the remaining term are as follows:

Fiscal			
Year	F	Principal	 Interest
2023	\$	2,645,000	\$ 1,418,275
2024		2,710,000	1,362,245
2025		2,770,000	1,297,681
2026		2,845,000	1,225,429
2027		2,920,000	1,147,570
2028-32		15,985,000	4,366,497
2033-37		12,010,000	1,687,158
2038		1,780,000	71,200
	\$	43,665,000	\$ 12,576,055

#### Note 9. Financed Purchase

In August 2018, the District entered into an installment sale agreement (capital lease) for the purchase of disposal and recycling equipment. The installment sale agreement expires in 2023. The assets and liabilities under these agreements are recorded at the present value of the installment payments. The assets are depreciated over its estimated productive lives as title transfers at the end of the agreements. Depreciation of assets under the installment agreements are included in depreciation expense.

Following is a summary of property held under capital leases on June 30, 2022:

	Beginning Balance		 Additions	I	Payments	Ending Balance		
Disposal/recycling equipment	\$	974,597	\$ -	\$	(477,974)	\$	496,623	

The following is a summary of the property held under capital leases with related accumulated depreciation on June 30, 2022:

	Begir	Beginning Balance		Additions	Рау	ments	Ending Balance		
Capital Leases	\$	2,363,150	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,363,150	
Accumulated depreciation		(1,074,942)		(293,372)		-		(1,368,314)	
	\$	1,288,208	\$	(293,372)	\$	-	\$	994,836	

### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

Minimum future payments under agreement as of June 30, 2022 for each of the next four years are:

Fiscal Year		Amount
2023	\$	260,670
2024		260,670
Total minimum payments		521,340
Less amount representing interest		(24,717)
Present value of future minimum payment	\$	496,623

#### Note 10. Leases

**Leases receivable** – The District has accrued a receivable on a parking facility on District owned property. The remaining receivable for these leases was \$2,362,936 on June 30, 2022 and \$2,570,599 on June 30, 2021. Deferred inflows related to these leases were \$2,225,127 on June 30, 2022 and \$2,497,592 on June 30, 2021. Interest revenue recognized on these leases was \$73,790 for the year ended June 30, 2022 and \$79,583 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Principal receipts of \$207,663, and \$199,458 were recognized as revenue during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021. Final receipt is expected in fiscal year 2031.

**Leases payable** – The District has accrued liabilities for equipment leases. The discount rate used in the calculation of the lease liability was 3%. The remaining liability for the leases are \$6,727 as of June 30, 2022, and \$10,330 as of June 30, 2021. Right to-use-assets, net of amortization, for the leases are \$6,159 as of June 30, 2022, and \$9,954 as of June 30, 2021. The District is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$430. Interest expense recognized on these leases was \$251 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and \$354 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Principal payments of \$3,603, and \$3,419 were recognized in the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. Final payment on these leases are expected in fiscal year 2024.

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2022	Due in One Year		
Leases payable	\$ 10,330	\$ -	\$ (3,603)	\$ 6,727	\$ 3,842		
	Balance		Retirements/	Balance	Due in		
	July 1, 2020	Additions	Adjustments	June 30, 2021	One Year		
Leases payable	\$ 13,749	\$ -	\$ (3,419)	\$ 10,330	\$ 3,603		

The schedule principal and interest are as follows:

#### Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

Fiscal Year Ending	D;	noinal	1+	avaat	-	otol
June 30,	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest	I	otal
2023	\$	3,842	\$	139	\$	3,981
2024		2,885		27		2,912
	\$	6,727	\$	166	\$	6,893

#### Note 11. Related Party Transaction

#### **Joint Powers Agreement**

The District participates in a joint powers agreement (JPA) with the Special District Risk Management Authority (SDRMA). The relationship between the District and the SDRMA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

SDRMA was formed under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code Section 6500 et seq. effective August 1, 1986, to provide general liability, comprehensive/collision liability, property damage and errors and omissions risk financing for the member districts. SDRMA merged with Special District Workers' Compensation Authority (SWCA) on July 1, 2003, and now provides its members with workers' compensation coverage. SDRMA is administered by a board of directors, consisting of one member appointed by the California Special Districts Association and five members elected by the participating districts.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and Comparative 2021

The board controls the operations of the JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member districts beyond their representation on the board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPA. The District's share of year-end assets, liabilities and risk margin has not been calculated by the SDRMA. For the year ended June 30, 2022, The District made payments of \$1,435,882 to SDRMA for Insurance premiums.

## Note 12. Contingencies

Litigation - The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

## Note 13. Restatement of Prior Year Net Position

As of July 1, 2020, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87). As a result of the implementation of GASB 87, the District changed its accounting for leases by recognizing a right-to-use lease asset, the related lease financing liability, lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources related to leases. The following tables describe the effects of the implementation on beginning net position:

Net position, previously reported as of July 1, 2020	\$ 41,466,763
Recognition of a right-to-use lease asset	13,749
Recognition of lease liabilities	(13,749)
Recognition of lease receivables	2,770,057
Recognition of deferred inflows from leases	 (2,770,057)
Net position, restated as of July 1, 2020	\$ 41,466,763

**Required Supplementary Information** 

# Schedule of Changes in Pension Liability and Related Ratios for the Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Measurement Period	June 30, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Jui	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2016	Ju	ine 30, 2015	Ju	ne 30, 2014
Discount Rate	7.15%		7.15%		7.15%		7.15%		7.15%		7.65%		7.65%		7.50%
Total Pension Liability															
Service Cost	\$ 1,427,982	\$	1,448,004	\$	1,343,425	\$	1,203,629	\$	1,095,795	\$	961,817	\$	911,692	\$	911,220
Interest	3,515,696		3,288,683		3,069,788		2,840,989		2,649,437		2,472,105		2,229,562		2,042,432
Difference Between Expected and Actual	655,977		357,277		583,289		496,410		151,713		1,022,612		417,131		-
Experience	000,077		007,277		000,200						1)011)011				
Changes of Assumptions	-		-		-		(250,536)		2,296,067		-		(567,504)		-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(2,441,490)		(1,973,785)		(1,548,836)		(1,446,773)		(1,285,185)		(1,132,272)		(904,586)		(878,085)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	3,158,165		3,120,179		3,447,666		2,843,719		4,907,827		3,324,262		2,086,295		2,075,567
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	49,021,363		45,901,184		42,453,518		39,609,799		34,701,972		31,377,710		29,291,415		27,215,848
Total Pension Liability – Ending (a)	52,179,528		49,021,363		45,901,184		42,453,518		39,609,799		34,701,972		31,377,710		29,291,415
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:															
Contributions – Employer	\$ 1,657,511	\$	1,564,484	\$	1,331,131	\$	1,106,722	\$	1,029,394	\$	882,891	\$	800,476	\$	722,039
Contributions – Employee	566,164		633,184		595,223		538,059		492,056		454,237		458,764		411,403
Net Investment Income	7,952,551		1,752,083		2,028,008		2,391,198		2,829,731		154,052		557,377		3,522,944
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of	(2,441,490)		(1,973,785)		(1,548,836)		(1,446,773)		(1,285,185)		(1,132,272)		(904,586)		(878 <i>,</i> 085)
Employee Contributions															
Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-		-				(71)		-		-		181		-
Administrative Expense	(34,753)		(46,324)		(21,748)		(43,653)		(36,888)		(15,017)		(34,233)		-
Other Miscellaneous Income(Expense)			-		71		(82,897)		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	7,699,983		1,929,642		2,383,849		2,462,585		3,029,108		343,891		877,979		3,778,301
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning	34,789,516		32,859,874		30,476,025		28,013,440		24,984,332		24,640,441		23,762,462		19,984,161
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending (b)	42,489,499		34,789,516		32,859,874		30,476,025		28,013,440		24,984,332		24,640,441		23,762,462
Plan Net Pension Liability – Ending (a) – (b)	\$ 9,690,029	\$	14,231,847	\$	13,041,310	\$	11,977,493	\$	11,596,359	\$	9,717,640	\$	6,737,269	\$	5,528,953
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability															
	81.43%		70.97%		71.59%		71.79%		70.72%		72.00%		78.53%		81.12%
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,256,744	\$	10,837,304	\$	8,568,241	\$	9,707,403	\$	9,234,169	\$	6,527,433	\$	6,066,619	\$	5,829,943
Plan Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of															
Covered Payroll	117.36%		131.32%		152.21%		123.39%		125.58%		148.87%		111.05%		94.84%

#### Note to schedule:

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to ten years as information becomes available.

#### Change of Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 7.50 percent used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date to 7.65 percent used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date. The discount rate changed from 7.65 percent used for the June 30, 2016 measurement date to 7.15 percent used for the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

## Schedule of Pension Plan Contributions for the Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,843,74	6 \$ 1,657,580	\$ 1,564,416	\$ 1,331,520	\$ 1,106,332	\$ 1,029,394	\$ 882,891	\$ 800,476
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined								
Contribution	(1,843,74	6) (1,657,580)	(1,564,416)	(1,331,520)	(1,106,332)	(1,029,394)	(882,891)	(800,476)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,607,164	\$ 8,256,744	\$10,837,304	\$ 8,568,241	\$ 9,707,403	\$ 9,234,169	\$ 6,527,433	\$ 6,066,619
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll <sup>(2)</sup>								
Covered Payroli	21.42%	20.08%	14.44%	15.54%	11.40%	11.15%	13.53%	13.19%

#### Note to schedule:

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to ten years as information becomes available.

<sup>2</sup> Includes one year's pay roll growth using 2.75 percent payroll assumption for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018; 3.00 percent payroll assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2014-17.

## Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for the Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 230,679	\$ 223,074	\$ 176,317	\$ 164,304	\$ 159,907
Interest	83,874	83,545	90,379	81,606	81,366
Changes of benefit terms			240,242	-	-
Difference between expected					
and actual experience	(175,877)	-	384,106	-	-
Changes of assumptions	(338,007)	11,478	462,772	65,289	-
Benefit payments	(225,514)	(247,162)	(76,742)	(56,366)	(54,198)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 (424,845)	70,935	1,277,074	254,833	187,075
Total OPEB liability - beginning	3,880,481	3,809,546	2,532,472	2,277,639	2,090,564
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 3,455,636	\$ 3,880,481	\$ 3,809,546	\$ 2,532,472	\$ 2,277,639
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,607,164	\$ 8,256,744	\$ 10,837,304	\$ 8,568,241	\$ 9,707,403
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	40%	47%	35%	 30%	 23%

#### Note to schedule:

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to ten years as information becomes available.

\* The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Supplementary Information

# Combining Schedule of Net Position June 30, 2022

	DISTRICT	AUTHORITY	TOTALS	CONSOLIDATING ENTRIES	TOTALS
CURRENT ASSETS:				,	
Cash and investments	\$ 37,560,405	\$-	\$ 37,560,405	\$-	\$ 37,560,405
Accounts receivable, net	5,266,627	-	5,266,627	-	5,266,627
Accrued interest receivable	17,436	-	17,436	-	17,436
Other receivables	375,739	-	375,739	-	375,739
Lease receivables	223,440		223,440	-	223,440
Prepaid expenses	1,730,957	-	1,730,957	-	1,730,957
Total current assets	45,174,604	-	45,174,604	-	45,174,604
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH					
EQUIVALENTS: Cash and cash equivalents held by Trustee for reserve					
account	-	2,349,925	2,349,925	-	2,349,925
Investments held by LAIF – reserved for landfill closure and					
post closure care costs	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	-	1,500,000
Investments					
held by LAIF – reserved for					
environmental impairment					
fund	1,000,000	-	1,000,000		1,000,000
Total restricted cash and					
investments	2,500,000	2,349,925	4,849,925	-	4,849,925
LEASE RECEIVABLE, long term	2,139,496	-	2,139,496	-	2,139,496
DEPOSIT	155,000	-	155,000	-	155,000
DUE FROM DISTRICT	-	44,057,965	44,057,965	(44,057,965)	-
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	83,047,912	-	83,047,912	-	83,047,912
Total Assets	133,017,012	46,407,890	179,424,902	(44,057,965)	135,366,937
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	3,616,724	-	3,616,724	-	3,616,724
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED					
OUTFLOWS	\$136,633,736	\$ 46,407,890	\$183,041,626	\$ (44,057,965)	\$ 138,983,661

## Combining Schedule of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2022

				CONSOLIDATING	
	DISTRICT	AUTHORITY	TOTALS	ENTRIES	TOTALS
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$ 3,032,341	\$-	\$ 3,032,341	\$-	\$ 3,032,341
Security deposits	52,172	-	52,172	-	52,172
Lease payable	3,842	-	3,842	-	3,842
Accrued liabilities:					
Compensated absences	231,739	-	231,739	-	231,739
State/County waste					
management fees	273,455	-	273,455	-	273,455
Payroll and payroll liabilities	335,549	-	335,549	-	335,549
Revenue bonds and					
equipment lease interest	15,386	354,568	369,954	-	369,954
Current portion of capital					
lease payable	458,783	-	458,783	-	458,783
Current portion of revenue				· · · · · ·	
bonds payable		2,724,773	2,724,773	-	2,724,773
Total current liabilities	4,403,267	3,079,341	7,482,608	-	7,482,608
NONCURRENT LIABILITES:					
Compensated absences	655,582	-	655,582	-	655,582
Lease payable	2,885	-	2,885	-	2,885
Capital lease payable	37,840	-	37,840	-	37,840
Total OPEB liability	3,455,636	-	3,455,636	-	3,455,636
Net pension liability	9,690,029	-	9,690,029	-	9,690,029
Due to Authority	44,057,965	-	44,057,965	(44,057,965)	-
Revenue bonds payable - net	-	43,328,549	43,328,549	-	43,328,549
Landfill closure and post closure					
care	6,760,793	-	6,760,793	-	6,760,793
Total liabilities	69,063,997	46,407,890	115,471,887	(44,057,965)	71,413,922
DEFERRED INFLOWS	6,765,680	-	6,765,680	-	6,765,680
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
DEFERRED INFLOWS	75,829,677	46,407,890	122,237,567	(44,057,965)	78,179,602
NET POSITION:					
Net investment in capital					
assets	38,879,562	-	38,879,562	-	38,879,562
Restricted	4,495,357	-	4,495,357	-	4,495,357
Unrestricted	17,429,140	-	17,429,140	-	17,429,140
Total net position	60,804,059	-	60,804,059	-	60,804,059
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED					
INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	\$136,633,736	\$ 46,407,890	\$183,041,626	\$ (44,057,965)	\$138,983,661
		. ,		, , ,	. ,

# Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				ELIMINATING	
	DISTRICT	AUTHORITY	TOTALS	ENTRIES	TOTALS
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Disposal fees	\$ 29,329,785	\$-	\$ 29,329,785	\$-	\$ 29,329,785
Power sales	2,109,481	-	2,109,481	-	2,109,481
Recycled material sales	13,231,287	-	13,231,287	-	13,231,287
Last chance mercantile sales	-	-	-	-	-
Scale and operational services	748,112	-	748,112	-	748,112
Sand sales	242,560	-	242,560	-	242,560
Landscape product sales	91		91	-	91
Total operating revenues	45,661,316	-	45,661,316	-	45,661,316
OPERATING EXPENSES:			-		
Salaries	10,001,343	-	10,001,343	-	10,001,343
Employee benefits	4,754,790	-	4,754,790	-	4,754,790
Depreciation and amortization	5,310,408	-	5,310,408	-	5,310,408
Recycling	1,885,910	-	1,885,910	-	1,885,910
Taxes, licenses and permits	1,408,060	-	1,408,060	-	1,408,060
Repairs & Maintenance	3,371,803	-	3,371,803	-	3,371,803
Professional services	963,760	-	963,760	-	963,760
Fuel	1,465,197	-	1,465,197	-	1,465,197
Contractual services	725,132	-	725,132	-	725,132
Operating supplies	927,019	-	927,019	-	927,019
Landfill closure and post closure ca	a 347,215	-	347,215	-	347,215
Insurance	915,271	-	915,271	-	915,271
Public awareness	82,508	-	82,508	-	82,508
Office	457,686	-	457,686	-	457,686
Safety equipment and supplies	224,175	-	224,175	-	224,175
Education, meetings and travel	86,086	-	86,086	-	86,086
Hazardous waste program	334,090	-	334,090	-	334,090
Environmental services	748,669	-	748,669	-	748,669
Utilities	168,316	-	168,316	-	168,316
Miscellaneous	32,132	-	32,132	-	32,132
Total operating expenses	34,209,570	-	34,209,570	-	34,209,570
OPERATING INCOME	\$ 11,451,746	\$-	\$ 11,451,746	\$-	\$ 11,451,746

			ELIMINATING				
	DISTRICT	AUTHORITY	TOTALS	ENTRIES	TOTALS		
OPERATING INCOME	\$ 11,451,746	\$-	\$ 11,451,746	\$-	\$ 11,451,746		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES							
(EXPENSES):							
Interest income	121,222	-	121,222	-	121,222		
Rents and leases	323,773	-	323,773	-	323,773		
Gain on sale of capital assets –							
net	160,700	-	160,700	-	160,700		
Interest expense – revenue							
bonds and financed purchase	(21,564)	(893,169)	(914,733)	-	(914,733)		
Cost of revenue bonds issuance	(27,000)	-	(27,000)	-	(27,000)		
Interagency reimbursement	(893 <i>,</i> 169)	893,169	-	-	-		
Other income (expense)	303,479		303,479	-	303,479		
Total non–operating							
revenues (expenses)	(32,559)	-	(32,559)		(32,559)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	11,419,187	-	11,419,187	-	11,419,187		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	49,384,872		49,384,872		49,384,872		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 60,804,059	\$-	\$ 60,804,059	\$-	\$ 60,804,059		

# Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Continued) for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Actual to Budget (Unaudited) for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	ACTUAL		DISTRICT BUDGET		VARIANCE - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Disposal fees	\$	29,329,785	\$	26,819,257	\$	2,510,528
Power sales		2,109,481		1,600,000		509,481
Recycled material sales		13,231,287		9,260,000		3,971,287
Other sales		990,763		975,000		15,763
Total operating revenues		45,661,316		38,654,257		7,007,059
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Salaries		10,001,343		9,953,831		(47,512)
Employee benefits		4,754,790		5,174,657		419,867
Depreciation and amortization		5,310,408		4,300,000		(1,010,408)
Recycling		1,885,910		1,520,000		(365,910)
Taxes, licenses and permits		1,408,060		1,438,500		30,440
Repairs & Maintenance		3,371,803		3,162,000		(209 <i>,</i> 803)
Professional services		963,760		1,859,700		895,940
Fuel		1,465,197		1,004,000		(461,197)
Contractual services		725,132		728,000		2,868
Operating supplies		927,019		1,129,420		202,401
Landfill closure and post closure care costs		347,215		375,000		27,785
Insurance		915,271		901,000		(14,271)
Public awareness		82,508		320,500		237,992
Office		457,686		281,400		(176,286)
Safety equipment and supplies		224,175		253,570		29,395
Education, meetings and travel		86,086		145,450		59,364
Hazardous waste program		334,090		401,500		67,410
Environmental services		748,669		732,500		(16,169)
Utilities		168,316		129,500		(38 <i>,</i> 816)
Miscellaneous		32,132		42,300		10,168
Total operating expenses		34,209,570		33,852,828		(356,742)
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		11,451,746		4,801,429		6,650,317

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Actual to Budget (Unaudited) (Continued) for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	ACTUAL		DISTRICT BUDGET		VARIANCE	
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	\$	11,451,746	\$	4,801,429	\$	6,650,317
NON–OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest income		121,222		250,000		(128,778)
Rents and leases		323,773		340,000		(16,227)
Finance charges		-		2,000		(2,000)
Gain on sale of capital assets – net		160,700		-		160,700
Interest expense – revenue bonds and						
financed purchase		(914,733)		(2,115,886)		1,201,153
Cost of revenue bonds issuance		(27,000)		-		(27,000)
Other income (expense)		303,479		-		303,479
Total non-operating revenues						
(expenses)		(32,559)		(1,523,886)		1,491,327
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	\$	11,419,187	\$	3,277,543	\$	8,141,644